

**МОДЕЛИРОВАНИЕ ПРОЦЕССОВ  
В ПОДЗЕМНЫХ  
ВОДОНОСНЫХ ГОРИЗОНТАХ**

[1, 2].

( ),

— WODA;

— STREAM;

— FEFLOW;

« »

ПОТОК;

(APPROXI-  
MATION) [3, 4].



FEFLOW,

$$S \frac{dh}{dt} - \frac{d}{dx_i} \left( T_{ij} \frac{dh}{dx_j} \right) = Q_h, \quad (1)$$

$$h = h(x_i, t).$$

$$S = v + S_s M, \quad (2)$$

$$T_{ij} = K_{ij} M, \quad (3)$$

$$T_{ij} = T \Delta_{ij} = KM \Delta_{ij}. \quad (4)$$

$$; h - ; M - ; v - ; S_s -$$

$$; Q_h - / ; T(T_{ij}) - ; K(K_{ij}) -$$

$$; \Delta_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1, & i = j \\ 0 & i \neq j \end{cases} ; x_i - ;$$

$$i, j = 1, 2 -$$

$$: h(x_i, 0) = h_0(x_i, 0).$$

$$: h(x_i, t) = h_1 R \quad G1 ( \quad ),$$

$$y_h = y_h R = -T_{ij} \frac{dh}{dx_{ij}} l_i \quad G2 ( \quad ),$$

$$y_h = -L_n (h_2 R - h) \quad G3 ( \quad ), \quad (5)$$

$h_0 -$  ;  $h_1R -$   
 $y_hR -$  ;  $y_h -$  ;  
 $h_2R -$  ;  
 $L_h -$  ( ),  
 $y_h$  ,  
 $G_2$  .  $L_h$   
 $G_3$   
 $(h_2R - h) > 0$  .  
 $T, S, Q_h, L_h, h$  (1)  
 $(h_1R, y_hR, h_2R)$  .  
 $(h_0)$

$$MR \frac{dC}{dt} + \frac{d}{dx_i}(y_i C) - \frac{d}{dx_i} \left( D_{ij} \frac{dC}{dx_j} \right) + MRL_a C = MnQ_c. \quad (6)$$

$C = C(x_i, t)$

$$y_i = -T_{ij} \frac{dh}{dx_j} \quad (7)$$

(1).

$$R = n + (1 + n)k, \quad (8)$$

$$D_{ij} = (nD_d M + LLV_y) \Delta_{ij} + (L - LL) \frac{y_i y_j}{V_y}. \quad (9)$$

$C -$  ;  $n -$   
 $k -$  ;  $D_d -$   
 $L, LL -$   
 $V_y = (y_i y_i) -$  ;  $l_a -$   
 $Q_c -$  / .

$$C(x_i, 0) = C_0(x_i, 0),$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \dots C(x_i, t) = C_1 R \quad G4 ( \quad ), \\
& y_c = y_c R = -D_{ij} \frac{dC}{dx_j} l_i \quad G5 ( \quad ), \\
& y_c = -L_c (C_2 R - C) \quad G6 ( \quad ), \quad (10) \\
& C_0 - \quad ; C_1 R - \quad ; C_2 R - \quad ; L_c - \quad ; \\
& \quad ; y_c R - \quad ; \\
& / \quad (M, n, k, D_d, L, T, l_a, Q_c, L_c), \quad (C_0) \\
& (C_1 R, y_c R, C_2 R).
\end{aligned}$$

(1) (6) ( . 2):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \iint_A \left( WS \frac{dh}{dt} + T_{ij} \frac{dW}{dx_i} \frac{dh}{dx_j} \right) dA + \int_{G3} WL_h h dG = \\
& = \iint_A W Q_h dA - \int_{G2} W y_h R dG + \int_{G3} W L_h H_2 R dG, \quad (11)
\end{aligned}$$

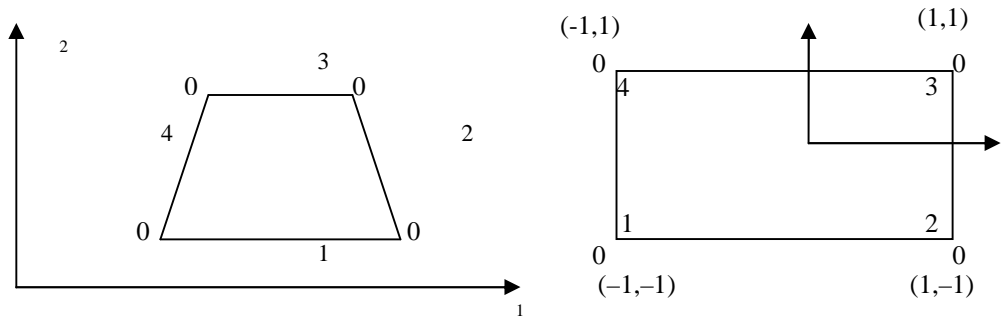
$$\begin{aligned}
& \iint_A \left( W \left( MR \frac{dC}{dt} + y_i \frac{dC}{dx_i} + C \frac{dy_i}{dx_i} \right) + D_{ij} \frac{dW}{dx_i} \frac{dC}{dx_j} + W M R l_a C \right) dA + \int_{G6} W L_c C dG = \\
& = \iint_A W M N Q_c dA - \int_{G5} W y_c R dG + \int_{G6} W L_c C_2 R dG, \quad (12)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& W - \quad , A - \quad G = G1 + G2 + \\
& + G3 = G4 + G5 + G6, \quad (5) (10). \\
& \quad A - \quad -
\end{aligned}$$

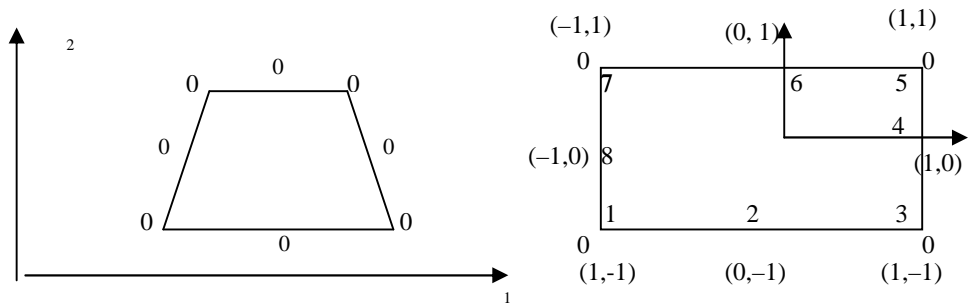
$$\begin{aligned}
& G \quad , \\
& h, y_i (i = 1, 2) \quad C \quad , \\
& : \\
& h(x_i, t) = N_l(x_i) H_l(t), \\
& y_i(x_i, t) = N_l(x_i) V_{il}(t), \\
& C(x_i, t) = N_l(x_i) C_l(t). \quad (13)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& l \quad , \quad N_l - \\
& ( \quad ). \\
& \quad : \\
& \quad ( \quad . 1); \\
& \quad ( \quad . 2).
\end{aligned}$$

.....



. 1.



. 2.

$$N_l = 0.25(1 + \psi\psi_l)(1 + \eta\eta_l), \quad l = 1, 2, 3, 4. \quad (14)$$

$l = 1, 3, 5, 7$

$$N_l = 0.25(1 + \psi\psi_l)(1 + \eta\eta_l)(\psi\psi_l + \eta\eta_l - 1),$$

$l = 2, 6$

$$N_l = 0.5(1 - \psi^2)(1 + \eta\eta_l), \quad (15)$$

$l = 4, 8$

$$N_l = 0.5(1 + \psi\psi_l)(1 - \eta^2).$$

$$\left| \frac{dN_1}{dx_1} \right| = J^{-1} \left| \frac{dN_1}{d\psi} \right|, \quad (16)$$

$J =$  ,

$$J = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{dx_1}{d\psi} & \frac{dx_2}{d\psi} \\ \frac{dx_1}{d\eta} & \frac{dx_2}{d\eta} \end{vmatrix}. \quad (17)$$

$J$

$$x_i = N_l X_{il}, \quad (i = 1, 2), \quad (18)$$

$X_{il} =$   $l$ .

$$dA = dx_1 dx_2 = \det J d\psi d\eta, \quad (19)$$

$$\det J = \frac{dx_1}{d\psi} \frac{dx_2}{d\eta} - \frac{dx_1}{d\eta} \frac{dx_2}{d\psi}.$$

$$dG = \sqrt{(dx/d\psi)^2 + (dx/d\eta)^2} d\psi \quad (20)$$

– 1 3

$$dG = \left( \frac{dx}{d\eta} + \frac{dx}{d\eta} \right) d\eta, \quad (21)$$

– 2 4.

$$(11) \quad (12),$$

$(x_1, x_2),$

$$(-1, 1).$$

$(, )$

:

– 180°;

–

$W_k$

$N_k$

$$(13) \quad (11) \quad (12)$$

:

$$AH_{t+dt} = BH_t + G_{t+dt}, \quad (22)$$

$$WC_{t+dt} = EC_t + F_{t+dt}, \quad (23)$$

$H \quad C -$

,  $dt -$

1

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

.....  
.....  
..... (3).  
.....

[4].  
(22), (23)

(22)  
 $W E$  (23) -

$W( \quad )$ .

( - )  
 $W$

( )

$O(h^2)$   $O(h^2)$   $O(h^4)$  -  $h$

$h$  ( )



$$y_h / D > 2, \tag{24}$$

$$y_h / D > 4, \tag{25}$$

$y \ D -$

$$D_{ij} = (nD_d M + V_y LL) \Delta_{ij} + (L + num - LL) \frac{y_i y_j}{V_j}, \tag{26}$$

$$num = h/4, \quad ; num = h/2,$$

(5).

$$O(dt) = 1$$

$$= 1/2, \quad O(dt^2).$$

FEFLOW

FEFLOW



