

**ОБ ОДНОЙ ОЦЕНКЕ  
ДЛЯ СЕПАРАБЕЛЬНОЙ  
МИНИМАКСНОЙ ЗАДАЧИ  
КВАДРАТИЧНОЙ ОПТИМИЗАЦИИ**

SDP- (semidefinite programming relaxation problems), SOCP- (second-order cone programming relaxation problems), (lagrangian relaxation problems).

[1 – 8].  
[1]

$$f^* = \inf_{x \in R^n} \max_{1 \leq i \leq p} \left\{ f_i(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T A_i x + a_i^T x + r_i \right\}, \quad (1)$$

$$g_j(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T B_j x + b_j^T x + s_j \leq 0, \quad j = 1, \dots, q, \quad (2)$$

$$A_i, \quad i = 1, \dots, p, \quad B_j, \quad j = 1, \dots, q$$

$n \times n$   
;

$$a_i, i=1, \dots, p, \quad b_j, j=1, \dots, q, \quad -n, \quad \alpha_i, i=1, \dots, p, \quad \beta_j, j=1, \dots, q, \quad - \quad (1) - (2) \quad [1]$$

SOCP-  
 $f_{SOCP} = f^*$  ( ) SOCP-

$$E(f_1, f_2, \dots, f_p, g_1, g_2, \dots, g_q) \quad E(f_1, f_2, \dots, f_p, g_1, g_2, \dots, g_q) \quad f_{SOCP} = f^* \quad (1) - (2)$$

$$E(f_1, f_2, \dots, f_p, g_1, g_2, \dots, g_q) = \{(y, z) \in R^p \times R^q : \exists x \in R^n \text{ such that } f_i(x) \leq y_i, i=1, \dots, p, \text{ and } g_j(x) \leq z_j, j=1, \dots, q\}.$$

(1) - (2) -  
 (1) - (2)  $\Psi^*$

$$[2] \quad ( \quad ) \quad \text{SOCP-} \quad f^*,$$

$$(\dots, \Psi^* = f^*), \quad A_i, i=1, \dots, p, \quad B_j, j=1, \dots, q, \quad E(f_1, f_2, \dots, f_p, g_1, g_2, \dots, g_q),$$

1.

$$(1) - (2) \quad f^* = \inf_{t \in R^1, x \in R^n} t, \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^T A_i x + a_i^T x + r_i \leq t, \quad i=1, \dots, p, \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^T B_j x + b_j^T x + s_j \leq 0, \quad j=1, \dots, q, \quad (5)$$

$$A_i = \text{diag}(A_{i1}, A_{i2}, \dots, A_{in}), \quad i=1, \dots, p, \quad B_j = \text{diag}(B_{j1}, B_{j2}, \dots, B_{jn}), \quad j=1, \dots, q,$$

$$A_{ik}, i=1, \dots, p, k=1, \dots, n, \quad B_{jk}, j=1, \dots, q, k=1, \dots, n, -$$

[3]

$$f^* = f_0(x^*) = \inf_{x \in T \subseteq R^n} f_0(x), \quad (6)$$

$$T = \{x: f_i(x) \leq 0, i \in I^{LQ}, f_i(x) = 0, i \in I^{EQ}\}, \quad f_i(x) = x^T A_i x + b_i^T x + c_i, \\ i \in \{0\} \cup I^{LQ} \cup I^{EQ}, \quad - \quad n - ,$$

$$m = |I^{LQ}| + |I^{EQ}|, \\ \mathbb{E}^* (\mathbb{E}^* = f^*), \quad [2]:$$

$$\psi^* = \sup_{u \in R^m} (\psi(u) = \inf_{x \in R^n} L(u, x)) \leq f^*, \quad (7)$$

$$A(u) \succcurlyeq 0,$$

$$u \in U^+ = \{u: u_i \geq 0, i \in I^{LQ}, u \in R^m\},$$

$$L(u, x) = x^T A(u)x + b^T(u)x + c(u) \quad - \quad (6),$$

$$A(u) = A_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m u_i A_i, \quad b(u) = b_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m u_i b_i, \quad c(u) = c_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m u_i c_i, \quad m = |I^{LQ}| + |I^{EQ}|, \quad A \succcurlyeq 0 \\ (A \succ 0) \quad ( \quad ) \quad A.$$

$\Gamma^+$

$$\{u: A(u) \succcurlyeq 0, u \in R^m\},$$

$u \in \Gamma^+$

$$u_i \geq 0, \quad i \in I^{LQ},$$

$$J(u) = \{j: \lambda_j(u) = 0, j \in \{1, \dots, n\}\},$$

$$\lambda_j(u), \quad j \in \{1, \dots, n\} \quad - \quad A(u). \quad \xi_j(u) - \\ \lambda_j(u).$$

2 [9].

$p$

$\tilde{\varepsilon} > 0,$

$\varepsilon \in (0, \tilde{\varepsilon})$

$$\forall u \in \Gamma^+ \quad \exists j \in J(u) \quad , \quad \xi_j^T(u)(b_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m u_i b_i + \varepsilon p) \neq 0, \quad (8)$$

$$\psi^* \quad (7) \quad (6)$$

$$(\psi^* = f^*).$$

$$, \quad (8)$$

$$p = 0,$$

$$x^* = x(u^*) = -A^{-1}(u^*)b(u^*)/2$$

(7)

(6).

...

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(3) – (5),  $\quad \quad \quad (1) – (2),$

( . . . )

$\psi^* = f^*$ ).

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(x, t, u, v) &= t + \sum_{i=1}^p v_i \left( \frac{1}{2} x^T A_i x + a_i^T x + \alpha_i - t \right) + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j \left( \frac{1}{2} x^T B_j x + b_j^T x + \beta_j \right) = \\
 &= \left( 1 - \sum_{i=1}^p v_i \right) t + x^T A(u, v) x + b^T(u, v) x + c(u, v),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A(u, v) = \text{diag} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sum_{i=1}^p v_i A_{ik} + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j B_{jk} \right), k = 1, \dots, n \right),$$

$$b(u, v) = \sum_{i=1}^p v_i a_i + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j b_j, \quad c(u, v) = \sum_{i=1}^p v_i \alpha_i + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j \beta_j,$$

$$u, v \geq 0.$$

$t$

$$t \left( \dots -\infty \right)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^p v_i = 1.$$

$t \ll \dots \gg$   
 $\ll \dots \gg$

$L(x, 0, u, v)$

( $A(u, v), \quad b(u, v)$ )

$x$ ).

$$A(u, v)$$

$$\lambda_k(u) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sum_{i=1}^p v_i A_{ik} + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j B_{jk} \right), \quad k = \overline{1, n}.$$

(3) – (5)

$$\Gamma^+ = (\bar{D} \setminus D) \cap U^+ = \left\{ u, v : \min_{k=1, \dots, n} \left( \sum_{i=1}^p v_i A_{ik} + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j B_{jk} \right) = 0; \sum_{i=1}^p v_i = 1; u, v \geq 0 \right\}.$$

(8)  $p = 0$

(3) – (5)

$$\xi_k^T(u, v) b(u, v) = e_k^T \left( \sum_{i=1}^p v_i a_i + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j b_j \right) \neq 0,$$

$$\xi_k(u) = e_k, \quad k = \overline{1, n}, \quad - \quad A(u, v), \quad e_k - n -$$

$$, k- \quad , \quad (8) \quad p = 0 \quad , \quad (3) - (5)$$

$$\forall u, v \in \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} : \min_{k=1, \dots, n} \left( \sum_{i=1}^p v_i A_{ik} + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j B_{jk} \right) = 0; \sum_{i=1}^p v_i = 1; \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} \geq 0 \right\}$$

$$\exists k \in J(u, v) \quad , \quad e_k^T \left( \sum_{i=1}^p v_i a_i + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j b_j \right) \neq 0. \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{u} \\ \tilde{v} \end{pmatrix} \in (\overline{D} \setminus D) \cap U^+ \quad \tilde{k} -$$

$$A(u, v) : \min_{k=1, \dots, n} \left( \sum_{i=1}^p v_i A_{ik} + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j B_{jk} \right) = \sum_{i=1}^p v_i A_{i\tilde{k}} + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j B_{j\tilde{k}} = 0.$$

$$(9) \quad -$$

$$e_{\tilde{k}}^T \left( \sum_{i=1}^p v_i a_i + \sum_{j=1}^q u_j b_j \right) \neq 0 \quad \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{u} \\ \tilde{v} \end{pmatrix} ,$$

$$\tilde{k} - \quad \{a_i, i = \overline{1, p}; b_j, j = \overline{1, q}\}$$

$$\{a_i, i = \overline{1, p}; b_j, j = \overline{1, q}\}, \quad \tilde{k} -$$

$$, \quad \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{u} \\ \tilde{v} \end{pmatrix} \geq 0. \quad (9)$$

$$\tilde{k} \in \{1, \dots, n\},$$

$$p = 0 \quad , \quad \{a_i, i = \overline{1, p}; b_j, j = \overline{1, q}\},$$

$$\mathbf{1}. \quad \{a_i, i = \overline{1, p}; b_j, j = \overline{1, q}\} \quad (1) - (2)$$

$$(3) - (5)$$

$f^*$

$$x^* = -A^{-1}(u^*, v^*)b(u^*, v^*)/2.$$

