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OPTIMAL SYMPATHOTOMY LEVEL ANALYSIS IN THORACOSCOPIC OPERATION OF PRIMARY HYPERHIDROSIS

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SUMMARY

Presently endoscopic thoracal sympathectomy/sympathotomy is used for treatment of palmar hyperhidrosis. We formed five groups, each including 20 patients, who went through sympathotomy at different levels: the first group – ESB of level 2; second group – ESB of levels 2-3; third group – ESB of level 3; forth group – ESB of levels 3-4; fith group – ESB of level 4. As a result of this investigation we proved that in treatment of hyperhidrosis ESB of level 2 is the most effective, according to Lin-Telaranta classification, though it is accompanied by the transient Horner's syndrome in 10% of cases and by Blushing syndrome in 10% of cases too. However, compensatory hyperhidrosis was not observed in the postoperative periods, and the patients were satisfied by the operation in 95% of cases.

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ESB 3, 4	- ESB3-4, 5	- ESB4.	ESB 2	ESB 2, 2	ESB 2-3, 3
			10%	10%	95%

Lin-Telaranta, 10%

Th2 4 60%, Th3-

[5,6,7,9]. [8]. 1927

2001 [2,4].

Th3-4,

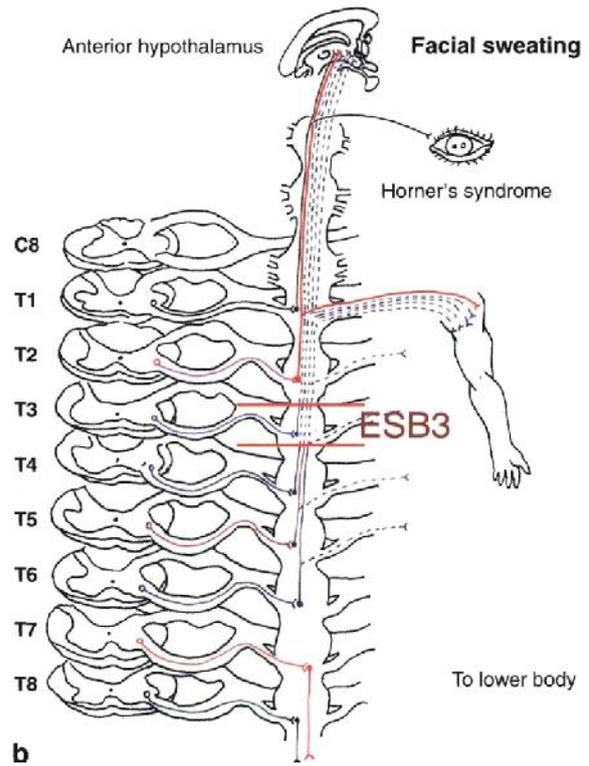
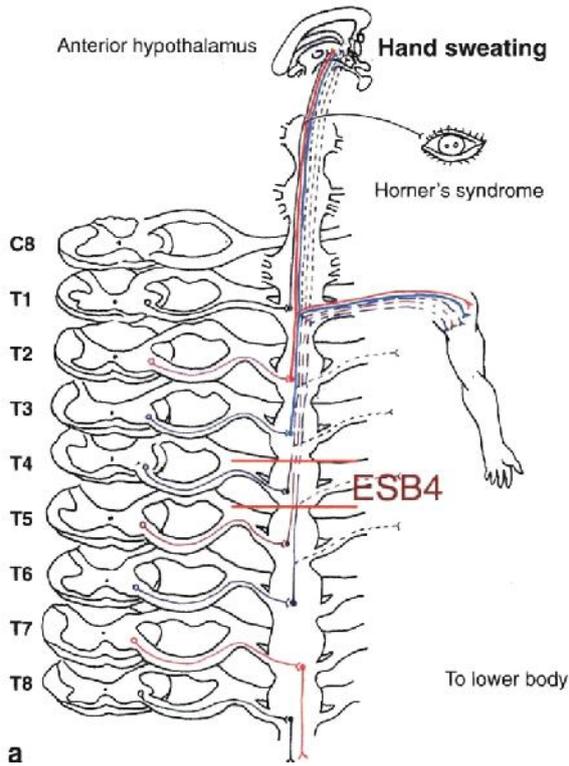
[4,7].

Th2, 2001

[2].

Lin-Telaranta,

(.1).



.1.
ESB).

(endoscopic sympathetic block –
Lin-Telaranta,

ESB 4 ESB3.

» 100

, 20

: 1

ESB 2, 2 – ESB 2-3, 3 – E SB 3, 4

– ESB3-4, 5 – ESB4.

24,3±5,6

39 (39%), – 61 (61%).

21 (21%), – 9

(9%).

, 36 (36%)

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