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## A NEW SPECIES OF MITES OF THE GENUS *BDELLA* (ACARI, BDELLIDAE) FROM UKRAINE

S. I. Maslov, A. A. Khaustov

Nikita Botanical Gardens — National Scientific Center,  
Yalta, Crimea, 98648 Ukraine  
E-mail: serdok78@mail.ru; alkhaustov@mail.ru

**A New Species of Mites of the Genus *Bdella* (Acari, Bdellidae) from Ukraine.** **Maslov S. I., Khaustov A. A.** — *Bdella kuznetsovi* Maslov et Khaustov, sp. n. is described from storm detritus of Black Sea and Sivash Gulf of the Sea of Azov, Ukraine.

**Key words:** Bdellidae, *Bdella*, new species, storm detritus, Ukraine.

**Новый вид клещей рода *Bdella* (Acari, Bdellidae) из Украины.** **Маслов С. И., Хаустов А. А.** — Описан *Bdella kuznetsovi* Maslov et Khaustov, sp. n., обнаруженный в штормовых выбросах Чёрного моря и залива Сиваш Азовского моря из Украины.

**Ключевые слова:** Bdellidae, *Bdella*, новый вид, штормовые выбросы, Украина.

### Introduction

The bdellid mite genus *Bdella* Latreille, 1795 includes about 40 described species (Hernandes et al., 2008) distributed worldwide (Atyeo, 1960; Kuznetsov and Livshits, 1979; Van der Schyff et al., 2005; Wallace, Mahon, 1972). By far, four species of the genus *Bdella* have been recorded from Ukraine: *B. longicornis* (Linnaeus, 1758), *B. muscorum* Ewing, 1909, *B. iconica* Berlese, 1923, and *B. taurica* Kuznetsov and Livshits, 1979 (Kuznetsov and Livshits, 1979; Wainstein et al., 1978). Kuznetsov and Livshits (1979) also recorded *Bdella mexicana* Baker et Balock, 1944 from Crimea but our study of the Crimean specimens of this species revealed that it should be transferred to the genus *Hexabdella* Van der Schyff, Theron et Ueckermann, 2004.

During the study of mites inhabiting storm detritus on the shores in nature reserves of the Black Sea and Sea of Azov, a new species of the genus *Bdella* was found. It is described in this paper.

### Material and methods

Mites were collected from storm detritus using Berlese funnels and mounted on slides in Hoyer's medium. The mites were examined under a light microscope with phase contrast. Drawings were made with a camera lucida. The notations of the idiosomal setae follow Grandjean (1939, 1943) as adopted for *Eleutherengona* by Bochkov (2009). The designations of the cheliceral setae follow Grandjean (1947) and that of the subcapitular setae Hernandes et al. (2008). All measurements are given in micrometers ( $\mu\text{m}$ ) for the holotype. The type specimens are deposited in the collection of the Nikita Botanical Gardens — National Scientific Center, Yalta, Ukraine. In the description of the leg chaetotaxy, the following abbreviations were used: asl — pointed solenidion, bsl — blunt-ended solenidion, tr — trichobothrium, sts — simple tactile seta, bts — barbed tactile setae, fam — famulus.

### Family Bdellidae Duges, 1834

#### Genus *Bdella* Latreille, 1795

##### *Bdella kuznetsovi* Maslov et Khaustov, sp. n. (fig. 1–4)

Type material. holotype ♂: Ukraine, Crimea, Arabatsky Nature Reserve, storm detritus on shore of Sivash Gulf, 45°15' N, 35°05' E, 8.07.2012 (Maslov). Paratypes: 1 ♀, same data as holotype; 2 ♂, 3 ♀, Ukraine, "Lebyazhy Islands" branch of the Crimean Nature Reserve, storm detritus on shore of the Black Sea, 45°51' N, 33°29' E, 7.07.2012 (Maslov).

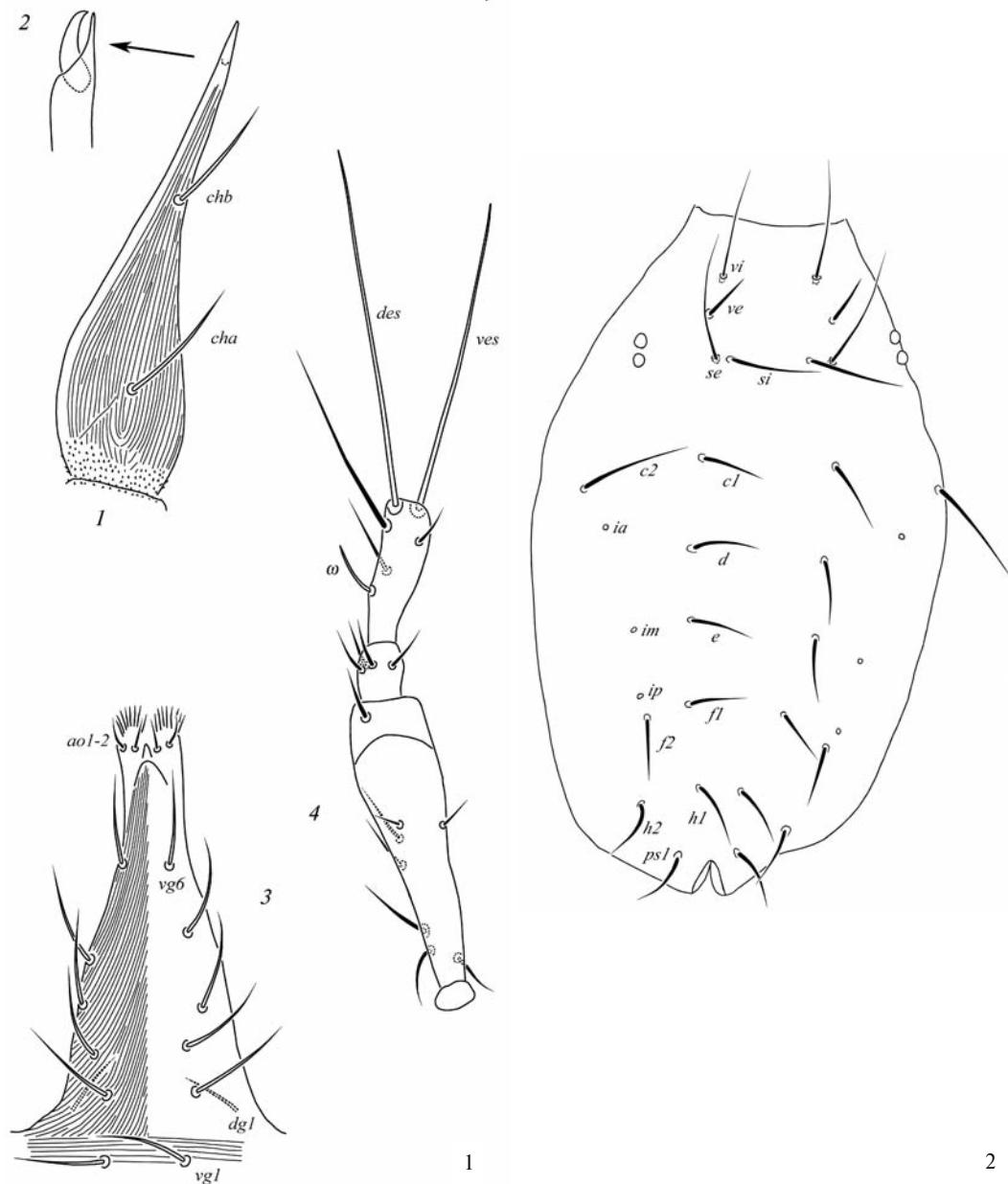


Fig. 1. *Bdella kuznetsovi* sp. n., ♂: 1 — chelicerae; 2 — distal end of chelicerae; 3 — subcapitulum; 4 — palp.

Рис. 1. *Bdella kuznetsovi* sp. n., ♂: 1 — хелицера; 2 — дистальный конец хелицеры; 3 — субкапитулум; 4 — пальпа.

Fig. 2. *Bdella kuznetsovi* sp. n., ♂: idiosomal dorsum.

Рис. 2. *Bdella kuznetsovi* sp. n., ♂: дорсальная сторона идиосомы.

Male. Idiosoma 726 long, maximum width 440.

Gnathosoma (fig. 1). Chelicerae dorsally covered by thin longitudinal striae and with two pairs of setae (*cha* and *chb*) (fig. 1, 1). Seta *cha* (56) is slightly shorter than *chb* (63). Movable digit of chelicerae smooth, curved (fig. 1, 2). Subcapitulum with 6 pairs of ventral setae (*vg1*—*vg6*), one pair of dorsal setae (*dg1*) basally, and two pairs of small adoral setae (*ao1*—*2*) (fig. 1, 3). Palp chaetotaxy: trochanter 0, basifemur 6—7sts, telofemur

1sts, genu 4sts, tibiotarsus 3sts, 2 eupathidia (*des*, *ves*), 1 solenidion ( $\omega$ ) (fig. 1, 4). Length of *des* 160, *ves* 132. Length of palpal segments: trochanter 12, basifemur 102, telofemur 33, genu 28, tibiotarsus 57.

Idiosomal dorsum (fig. 2). All setae are smooth. Prodorsum medially with longitudinal striae, but they do not reach beyond setae *vi* (fig. 3, 1). Weakly developed apodemes present between setae *vi* and *se*. Bothridia of setae *vi* and *se* with distinct longitudinal striation. Length of setae: *vi* 121, *ve* 61, *si* 100, *se* 146, *c1* 72, *c2* 110, *d* 65, *e* 68, *f1* 64, *f2* 72, *h1* 32, *h2* 51, *ps1* 71, *ps2* 50, *ps3* 33.

Idiosomal venter. Genital valves each with 8–9 genital setae (fig. 3, 2). Aggenital setae 9–10 pairs, setae *ag1* situated between coxae IV. Amphioïd sclerites with 9–10 pairs of eugenital setae (fig. 3, 3), anteriorly with an unpaired wrinkled sac-like gland, and a pair of very large spherical lateral glands.

Legs (fig. 4). Relative length of legs: II < I < III < IV. Chaetotaxy of legs I–IV: coxae 5/6–5/6–6/7–4sts; trochanters: 1–1–2–1sts; basifemora: 8/9–8/9–7–3/4/5sts; telofemora: 6–5/6–6–5/6sts; genua: 6sts, 1asl, 1bsl – 6sts, 1asl – 5sts, 1asl – 6sts, 1asl; tibiae: 1tr, 6/7sts, 4asl – 7sts, 1bsl, 1asl – 7sts, 1asl – 9sts, 1 tr; tarsi: 11/12sts, 10bts,

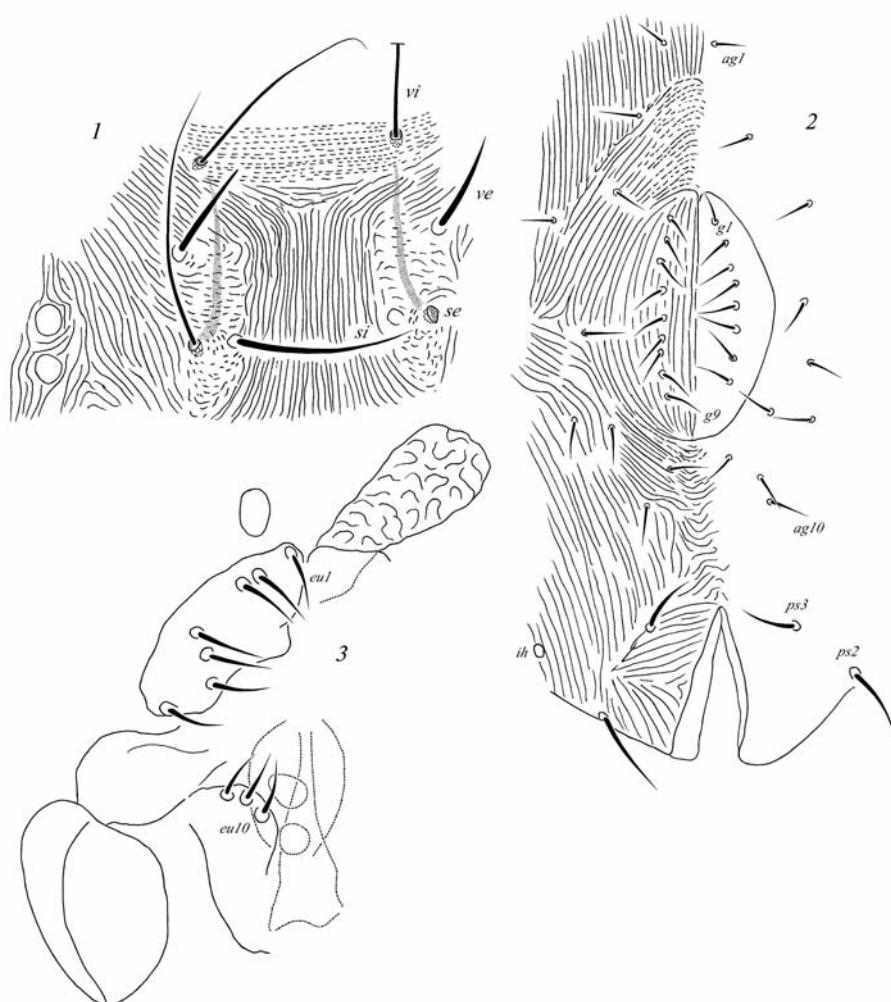


Fig. 3. *Bdella kuznetsovi* sp. n., ♀: 1 — prodorsum; 2 — opistosomal venter; 3 — genitalia.

Рис. 3. *Bdella kuznetsovi* sp. n., ♀: 1 — продорсум; 2 — вентральная сторона опистосомы; 3 — гениталии.

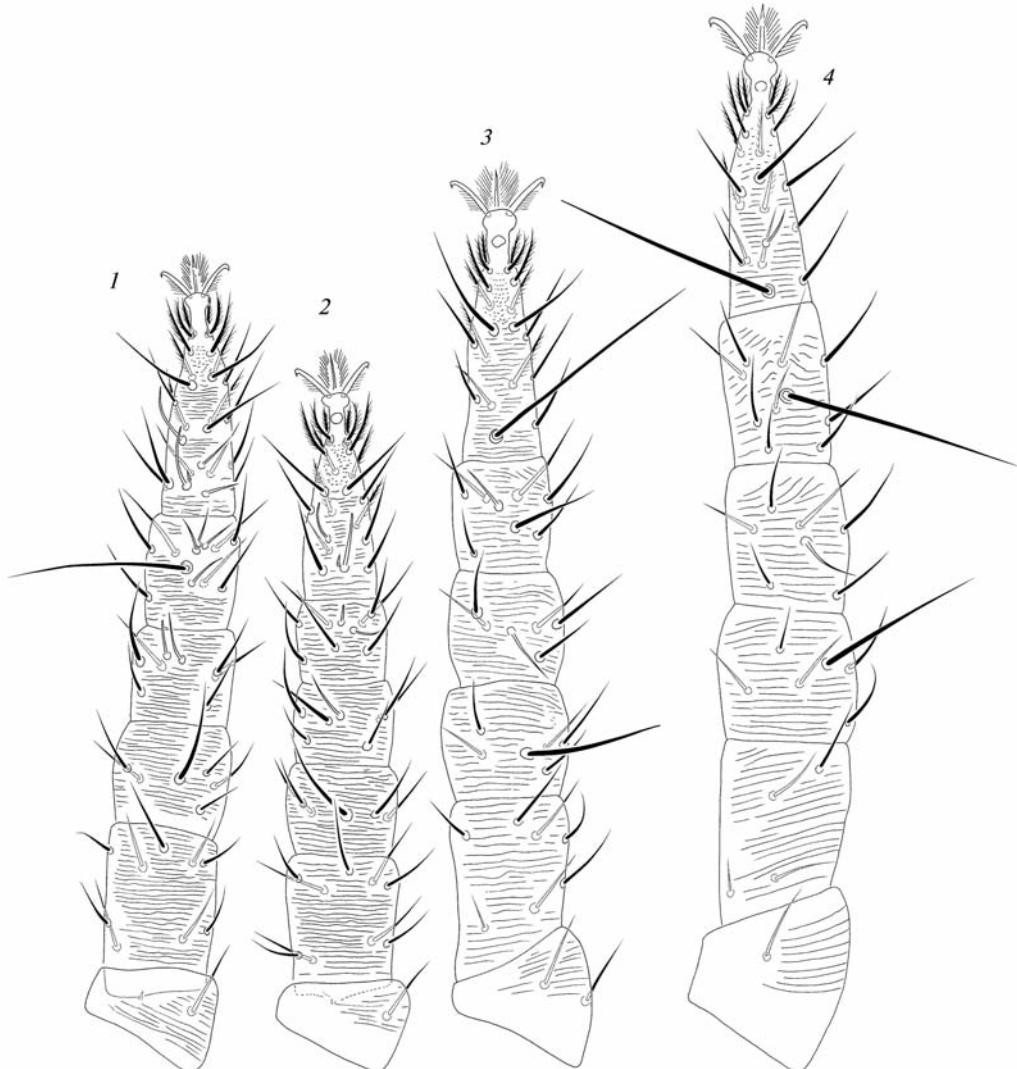


Fig. 4. *Bdella kuznetsovi* sp. n., ♀: 1–4 — legs I–IV respectively.

Рис. 4. *Bdella kuznetsovi* sp. n., ♀: 1–4 — ноги I–IV соответственно.

2asl, 2bsl, 1fam — 8sts, 10bts, 2bsl, 1fam — 8/9sts, 10bts, 1tr — 8sts, 10bts, 1tr, 1asl. Tarsi I and II with spine-like famulus situated near the base of basal blunt-ended solenidion.

Female similar to male, but differs in being slightly larger and by the presence of a ovipositor. Length of idiosoma 780, width 495.

**Etymology.** The new species is named in honor of the well-known Ukrainian acarologist, Professor N. N. Kuznetsov for his great contribution to the study of bdellid mites in Ukraine.

**Differential diagnosis.** The new species can be distinguished by the longitudinal striae medially on prodorsum and weakly developed apodemes only between bases of trichobothria *vi* and *se*. It closely resembles *Bdella grandjeani* Thor, 1931, *B. tropica* Atyeo, 1960, and *B. nylsvieyensis* Van der Schyff, Theron and Ueckermann, 2005. It differs from *B. nylsvieyensis* by the smooth dorsal setae (brushy distally in *B. nylsvieyensis*); in *B. grandjeani* the palp basifemur bears 10 setae and setae *sci* are much shorter than the distance between their bases opposed to only 6–7 setae on basifemur and setae *sci*, which are longer

than the distance between their bases in the new species. From *B. tropica* the new species differs by the presence of 2 solenidia on genu I (3 in *B. tropica*) and 2 solenidia on tibia II (3 in *B. tropica*). Among Ukrainian species of *Bdella*, the new species is very similar to *B. taurica* Kuznetsov and Livshits, 1979, but differs by the presence of prodorsal apodemes between setae *vi* and *se* (absent in *B. taurica*), smooth dorsal setae (barbed in *B. taurica*), distinctly longer setae *si* and by the longitudinal striae on prodorsum not reaching beyond bases of *si* (reaching beyond bases of *si* in *B. taurica*).

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