

**АЛГОРИТМИ РОЗПАРАЛЕЛЮВАННЯ
ОБЧИСЛЕНЬ ДЛЯ ВЕКТОРНИХ ЗАДАЧ
ДИСКРЕТНОЇ ОПТИМІЗАЦІЇ**

$f_1(x), f_2(x), \dots, f_\ell(x), \quad \ell \geq 2.$
 $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$
 X
 $y = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_\ell), \quad y_i = f_i(x), \quad i = 1, \dots, \ell, \quad y \in Y \subset R^\ell,$
 $x \in X$
 $\min\{F(x) | x \in X\}, \quad F(x) = (f_1(x), f_2(x), \dots, f_\ell(x)). \quad (1)$
 $(1) \quad [4, 5].$
 $[5].$
 $f_i(x), i \in L = \{1, 2, \dots, \ell\}$
 $y^* = (y_1^*, y_2^*, \dots, y_\ell^*),$
 $y^* = \{\min f_i(x) | x \in X\}, \quad i \in L.$
 $y^n = (y_1^n, y_2^n, \dots, y_\ell^n), \quad z^n = \{\max f_i(x) | x \in X\}, \quad i \in L.$

$\rho_s(y, y^*) = \left(\sum_{i=1}^{\ell} |y_i - y_i^*|^s \right)^{1/s}$

$R_s^\ell \quad s \geq 1.$

$y^* = \arg \min_{y \in Y} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{\ell} |y_i - y_i^*|^s \right)^{1/s}.$

$s = 1, 2, \infty.$

$s = 2$

x^*

$\min \left\{ \sum_{i \in L} (f_i(x) - y_i^*)^2 \mid x \in X \right\}.$

$s = 1, \infty$

$\min_{x \in X} \sum_{i \in L} |f_i(x) - y_i^*| = \max_{x \in X} \sum_{i \in L} f_i(x),$ (2)

$\min_{x \in X} \max_{i \in L} |f_i(x) - y_i^*| = \max_{x \in X} \min_{i \in L} (f_i(x) - y_i^*).$ (3)

(2)

(3)

(1),

$\sigma(y, y^0, \lambda, \rho) = \max_{i=1,2,\dots,\ell} \{\lambda_i (y_i - y_i^0)\} + \rho \sum_{j=1}^{\ell} \lambda_j (y_j - y_j^0),$ (4)

$y = (y_1^0, y_2^0, \dots, y_\ell^0)$

$\lambda = (\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_\ell)$

$(0 < \rho \ll 1).$

$$\min\{\sigma(y, y^0, \lambda, \rho) \mid y \in Y\}. \tag{5}$$

(5) $x^* \in X,$
 $y^* = F(x^*) \in Y,$ y^0

1) $x^* = \arg \min\{\sigma(F(x), y^0, \lambda, \rho) \mid x \in X\},$ $x^* -$
 (1); 2) $x^* -$, (1),
 $\sigma(F(x), y^0, \lambda, \rho),$ $x^* -$, (5).

$$\Lambda = \left\{ (\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_\ell) \mid \sum_{j=1}^{\ell} \lambda_j = 1, \lambda_j > 0, j \in L \right\}.$$

λ , (5). y^0

$R(Y) \subseteq S(Y);$ Y $s \in [1, \infty), R(Y) \subseteq P(Y);$ $s = \infty,$
 $|R(Y)| = 1.$
 [1, 2]

(5)

1.

2. (\dots)

3. (\dots)

4. y^0

(4), y^0

1) y^{*A}, y^{nA}

2) $d^* = \|y^{nA} - y^{*A}\|$

3) $\{1/\ell, 1/\ell, \dots, 1/\ell\}, \ell -$

4) $m, y^{0(1)}, y^{0(2)}, \dots, y^{0(m)}$

5) $m, P_1, P_2, \dots, P_m, N$

6) $i = 1, 2, \dots, m, A_i(P_i, y^{0(i)}, \dots)$

7) $A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_m$

[9].

[1, 2].

$f(x)$.

$x \in R \subset X,$

$f(x)$.

$r. \quad \begin{matrix} X - \\ R \subseteq X \end{matrix}$

1.

$x_0; x_i = x_0.$

2.

$L_\rho(x_i) \cap R, \quad L_\rho(x_i) - \rho$

$x_i.$

3.

$f(x_{i+1}) = \text{ext} \{f(x) | x \in L_\rho(x_i) \cap R\}.$

4.

$x_i = x_{i+1},$

x_i

' ;

. 2

i

$i+1$

..

k

$x_k = x_{k+1}.$

1) $\rho = \rho(i);$

$\rho = \text{const},$

$\rho(i),$

2)

. 3

$R,$

$f(x).$

V.V. Semenov

ALGORITHMS OF PARALLELING CALCULATIONS FOR VECTOR PROBLEMS OF DISCRETE OPTIMIZATION

Approach to the solution of vector problems of discrete optimization is developed. For finding of Pareto-optimum solutions the sets of reference points is used. This approach implemented in a parallel algorithm. A parallel algorithm which uses the ideas of method of vector of decrease is built. A result of work of parallel algorithm is a set of the nondominated solutions, which is approximating the set of Pareto of the initial problem, and nondominated set of estimations in the objective space.

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