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**НАДІЙНА МОДЕЛЬ КОНТРОЛЮ
ЗАБРУДНЕННЯ АГРОВИРОБНИЦТВОМ
ЗА НЕВИЗНАЧЕНИХ ПОГОДНИХ УМОВ**

2014 .

() ,

[1]

[2]. ()

60 %

[3]).

[4, 5].

...

$$V(P) = \max_U W(P, U) \tag{1}$$

$$P(t+1) = g(P(t), U(t)), \tag{2}$$

$$P(t) \geq 0, U(t) \geq 0, \tag{3}$$

$$P(0) = P_0, \tag{4}$$

$P(t)$ $U(t)$

$$W = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} e^{pt} (N\pi(t) - D(t)), \tag{5}$$

p -

, N -

$$\pi(t) = \sum_i w_i(t) \pi_i(t), \tag{6}$$

i -

:

R ,

w ,

L ,

$D(t)$

F .

$$P(t) = [P_{sa}(t), P_{ss}(t), P_{wa}(t), P_{ws}(t), P_{wab}(t)] \tag{7}$$

$$P_{sa}(t) = g_1(P_{sa}(t), P_{ss}(t), w_i(t), R_i(t), L_i(t), \mathfrak{S}_i(t)), \tag{8}$$

$$P_{ss}(t) = g_2(P_{sa}(t), P_{ss}(t), w_i(t), F_i(t), R_i(t), L_i(t), \mathfrak{S}_i(t)), \tag{9}$$

$$P_{wa}(t) = g_3(P_{sa}(t), P_{wa}(t), P_{ws}(t)), \tag{10}$$

$$P_{ws}(t) = g_4(P_{ss}(t), P_{wa}(t), P_{ws}(t)), \tag{11}$$

$$P_{wab}(t) = g_5(P_{wa}(t), P_{wab}(t)). \tag{12}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & P_{sa}(t) \quad P_{ss}(t) - \\
 \text{(sediment attached)} & \\
 & P_{wa}(t) \quad P_{ws}(t) \\
 & P_{wab}(t)
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{5}$$

[4].

$$\pi(t) = \sum_i w_i(t) \pi_i(t), \tag{13}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \pi_i(t) = & [p_i(t) - C_{v,i}(t)(1 - \alpha_i^1 R_i(t))] Y_i(P_{ss}(t), R_i(t)) - (1 - \alpha_i^2 R_i(t)) C_{f,i}(t) - \\
 & -(1 + \alpha_i^3 R_i(t)) C_{ch,i}(t) - p_l(t)(1 - \alpha_i^4 R_i(t)) H_i(t) - \\
 & - p_f(t) F_i(t) - p_m(t) M_i(t) - \mathfrak{G}_i(t) C_c.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{14}$$

$$Y_i(P_{ss}(t), R_i(t)) = [\alpha_i^1 (1 - \alpha_i^2 e^{-\alpha_i^3 P_{ss}(t)})] e^{m_i(t) R_i(t)} (1 + h_i(t))^t, \tag{15}$$

P_{ss} -

, R -

i , $p_i(t)$, $p_f(t)$, h_i .
 $M_i(t)$, $p_m(t)$, C_v , C_{ch} , C_f ,
 (p_l, H_i) , C_c , $\vartheta \in (0,1)$, $w_i(t)$,
 i , t , α^1 , α^4 , α^3 , [6],
 $()$, 30% , [6],
 $()$, [7],
 $P()$, $P_{sa}(t)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{sa}(t) = & \zeta_1 P_{sa}(t-1) + \tau_A M(t-1) - E^{sa}(t-1), \\
 & -\varphi_A P_{sa}(t-1) + \varphi_S P_{ss}(t-1),
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{16}$$

$s \in \{1, \dots, S\}$ -

$$E^{sa}(t) = P_{sa}(t) \sum_i w_i(t) \gamma_i^{sa}(\omega) [(1 - C_A) \vartheta_i(t) + (1 - b_A R_i(t)(1 - \vartheta_i(t))].
 \tag{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \zeta \quad 0 \quad 1 \\
& \tau_A - \\
& E^{sa} - \\
& \gamma_i^{sa} - \\
& \omega = \{\omega_1 \dots \omega_S\} \quad S \\
& (1 - b_A R), \quad b_A \\
& R - \\
& 0, 1). \quad \ll \quad \gg \quad R \quad (\\
& w_i \\
& R - \\
& (1 - C_A). \quad 16 \\
& (\varphi_A) \\
& (\varphi_S). \\
& P_{ss}(t) = \zeta_2 P_{ss}(t-1) + \sum_i w_i(t-1) F_i(t-1) + \tau_S M(t-1) - \sum_i \mu_i Y_i(t), \\
& \quad - E^{ss}(t-1) + \varphi_A P_{sa}(t-1) - \varphi_S P_{ss}(t-1). \quad (18) \\
& E^{ss}(t) = P_{ss}(t) \sum_i w_i(t) \gamma_i^{ss}(\omega) [(1 - c_S) \vartheta_i(t) + (1 + b_S R_i(t)(1 - \vartheta_i(t))]. \quad (19) \\
& \tau_S - \\
& \sum_i \mu_i Y_i(t). \quad \mu_i - \\
& \gamma_i^{sa}(\omega), \quad \gamma_i^{ss}(\omega) \\
& (1 + b_S R), \quad b_S - \\
& (1 - c_S), \quad c_S - \\
& \eta^{sa} \quad \eta^{ss} \quad (16) \quad (18)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\max_U E \left[\sum_{t=1}^{\infty} \beta^t \sum_i w_i(t) \pi_i(w_i(t), F_i(t), \omega) \right] \tag{20}$$

: (16) (18)

$$\begin{aligned} E^{sa}(t, \omega) &< \eta^{sa}, \\ E^{ss}(t, \omega) &< \eta^{ss}, \\ P(t) &\geq 0, P(0) = P_0, \end{aligned}$$

$$U = [w(t), \mathfrak{G}(t), F(t)].$$

(chance constrained problem)

$$p^{sa} = 1 - \epsilon^{sa} \quad p^{ss} = 1 - \epsilon^{ss}, \quad 0 \leq \epsilon^{sa}, \epsilon^{ss} \leq 1.$$

$$\max_U \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} \beta^t \sum_i w_i(t) E[\pi_i(\mathfrak{G}_i(t), F_i(t), \omega)] \tag{21}$$

: (16) (18)

$$\begin{aligned} P[\eta^{sa} - E^{sa}(t, \omega) > 0] &\geq 1 - \epsilon^{sa}, \\ P[\eta^{ss} - E^{ss}(t, \omega) > 0] &\geq 1 - \epsilon^{ss}, \\ P(t) &\geq 0, P(0) = P_0. \end{aligned}$$

(21)

[8 – 10]

(21)

$$\max_U \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} \beta^t \left(\sum_i w_i(t) E[\pi_i(\mathfrak{G}_i(t), F_i(t), \omega)], \right.$$

$$\left. -\alpha(E[Q^{sa}(t, U, \omega) + Q^{ss}(t, U, \omega)]) \right) \tag{22}$$

: (16) (18)

$$P(t) \geq 0, P(0) = P_0,$$

$$Q^{sa}(t, U, \omega) = \max\{0, E^{sa}(t, \omega) - \eta^{sa}\} \quad Q^{ss}(t, U, \omega) = \max\{0, E^{ss}(t, \omega) - \eta^{ss}\}.$$

α

μ^{sa}

μ^{ss} ,

$$\begin{aligned}
& Q^{sa}(t, U, \omega) - Q^{ss}(t, U, \omega) \\
& \min q \\
& : \\
& q + \eta^x - E^x(t, \omega) > 0, \\
& q \geq 0, \\
& x \in \{sa, ss\}.
\end{aligned}
\tag{21}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \alpha(Q^{sa} + Q^{ss}), \quad \alpha - \\
& \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow \infty} \varepsilon^{sa}(\alpha) = 0, \\
& \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow \infty} \varepsilon^{ss}(\alpha) = 0, \\
& \mu^{sa}(t, \omega) = \frac{1}{\alpha} Q^{sa}, \quad \mu^{ss}(t, \omega) = \frac{1}{\alpha} Q^{ss},
\end{aligned}
\tag{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \max_U \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} \beta^t \left(\sum_i w_i(t) E[\pi_i(\mathfrak{G}_i(t), F_i(t), \omega)] - \alpha(E[\mu^{sa}(t, \omega) + \mu^{ss}(t, \omega)]) \right) \\
& : (16) \quad (18) \\
& \mu^{sa}(t, \omega) \geq E^{sa}(t, \omega) - \eta^{sa}, \mu^{sa} \geq 0, \\
& \mu^{ss}(t, \omega) \geq E^{ss}(t, \omega) - \eta^{ss}, \mu^{ss} \geq 0, \\
& P(t) \geq 0, P(0) = P_0.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\max_U \sum_{s=1}^n p(\omega_s) \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} \beta^t (\sum_i w_i(t) \pi_i(\Theta_i(t), F_i(t), \omega_s) - \alpha(\mu^{sa}(t, \omega_s) + \mu^{ss}(t, \omega_s)))$$

: (16) (18)

$$\mu^{sa}(t, \omega_s) \geq E^{sa}(t, \omega_s) - \eta^{sa}, \mu^{sa} \geq 0,$$

$$\mu^{ss}(t, \omega_s) \geq E^{ss}(t, \omega_s) - \eta^{ss}, \mu^{ss} \geq 0,$$

$$P(t) \geq 0, P(0) = P_0,$$

$p(\omega_s) -$

$s.$

[11],

80 %

[12].

[12, 13].

5

(net present value)

40 %

2008

(p),

(α)

α

$Q^{ss}(t, U^*, \omega)$

$A(t, \omega),$

1,

0,

$$p(\alpha) = 1 - \sum_{s=1}^S p(\omega_s) \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T A(t, \omega_s).$$

[14, 15].

50 %)

14 %

. . .
 /
 , 14 %
 [14].
 [15].

M.S. Dunaievskyi

ROBUST MODEL TO CONTROL LEVEL OF PHOSPHORUS POLLUTION BY AGRICULTURE UNDER UNCERTAIN WEATHER CONDITIONS

Stochastic optimization model is presented which suggest balanced management decision in agriculture regarding profitability level as well as the level of phosphorous pollution of environment. In contrast to the widely known deterministic models a factor of weather uncertainty is taken into account.

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